Shielding Solid Steel Parts of a Vibration Test Stand Against Alternating Magnetic Fields 567/105-59-3-8/27

institut (Leningrad Polytechnical Institute). The results obtained and the results advanced in this paper demonstrated that a shielding of iron cores by copper shields in installations as described here is very effective. A shielding of iron cores is particularly expedient for high frequency. The experiments carried out substantiated the correctness of the method advanced in this paper of the electromagnetic calculation of apparatus, which are similar to the electrodynamical vibration test stand and which are equipped with a magnetic shielding against magnetic alternating fields. There are 7 figures, 1 table and 3 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION:

Leningradskiy politekhnicheskiy institut im. Kalinina (Lenin-

grad Polytechnical Institute imeni Kalinin)

SUBMITTED:

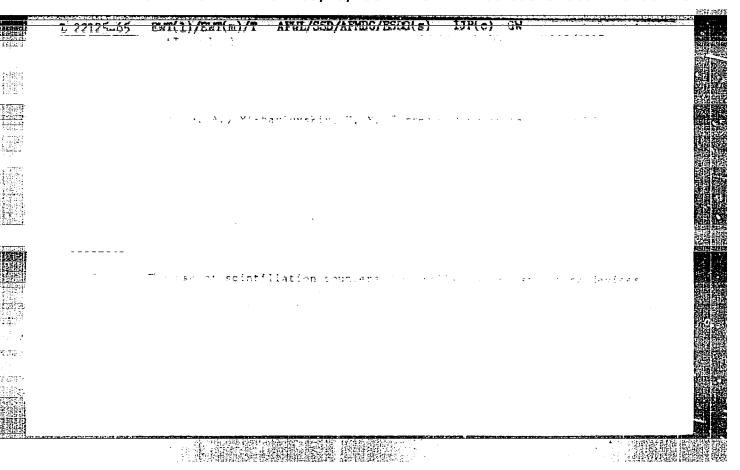
November 10, 1958

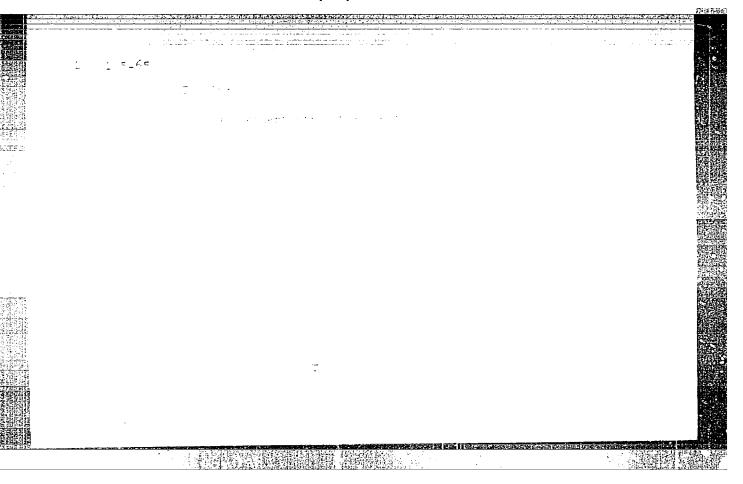
Card 3/3

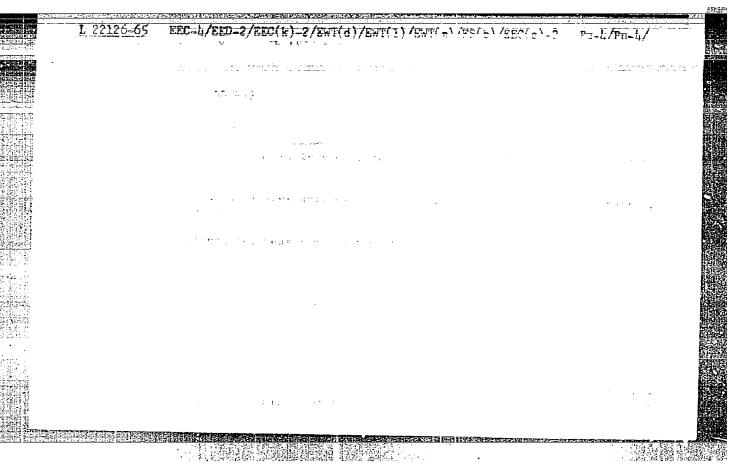
Valuable contribution. Sov.shakht. 11 no.1:14 Ja '62. (MIRA 14:12) 1. Nachal'nik shakhty imeni XXI s'yezda Kommunisticheskoy partii Sovetskogo Soyuza tresta Krasnoarmeyskugol'. (Donets Basin--Coal mines and mining--Labor productivity)

- 1. FEDORISTOV, A.M.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Coal Mines and Mining
- 7. Means for increasing the productivity in opencasting of coal, Mekh.trud.rab. 7 no. 4, 1953.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, APRIL 1953, Uncl.









L 2544-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5021340

UR/0120/65/000/004/0111/0114 621,374

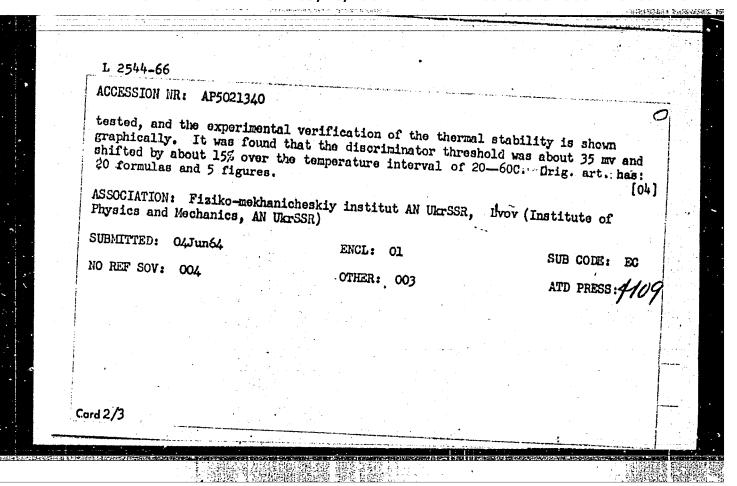
AUTHORS: Bragin, A. A.; Fedoriv, R. F.

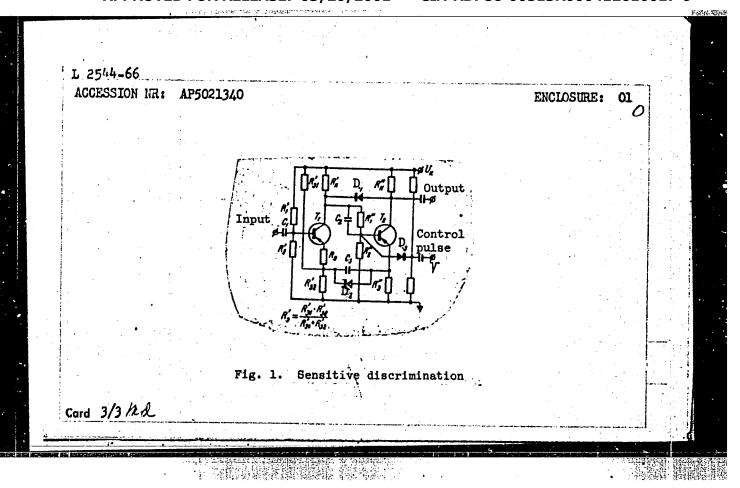
TITLE: Sensitive discriminator with external control

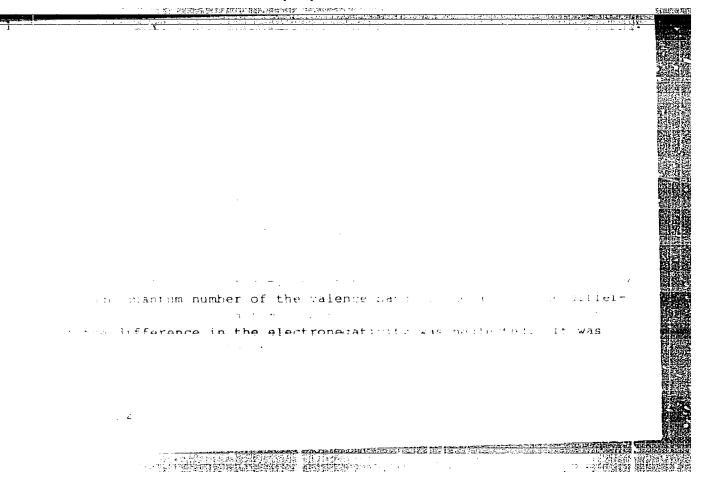
SOURCE: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 4, 1965, 111-114

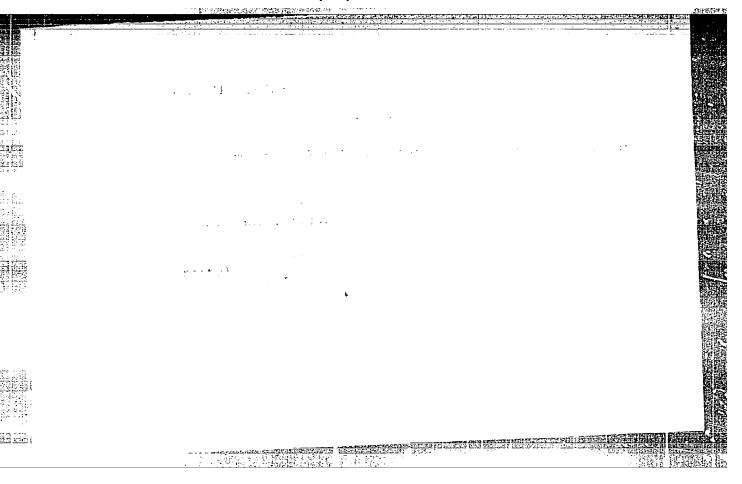
TOPIC TAGS: discriminator, transistorized circuit

ABSTRACT: The basic circuit for a sensitive discriminator (threshold, 10^{-3} - 10^{-1} v) with external control is described (see Fig. 1 of the Enclosure). Its application in radiometric devices appears promising; amplification of the output signal from a nuclear emission detector is unnecessary. The distinguishing feature of the circuit is that after triggering it does not recover its sensitivity independently but is forced to return to the initial state by external controlling pulses. The stable state of the circuit is obtained by the introduction of an additional negative feedback loop through a diode (D), so that the total gain in the feedback cloop is less than 14. Ann analysis of the circuit sensitivity and a calculation of the thermal stability of the discriminator threshold are presented. Component parameters are given for the circuit as Card 1/3









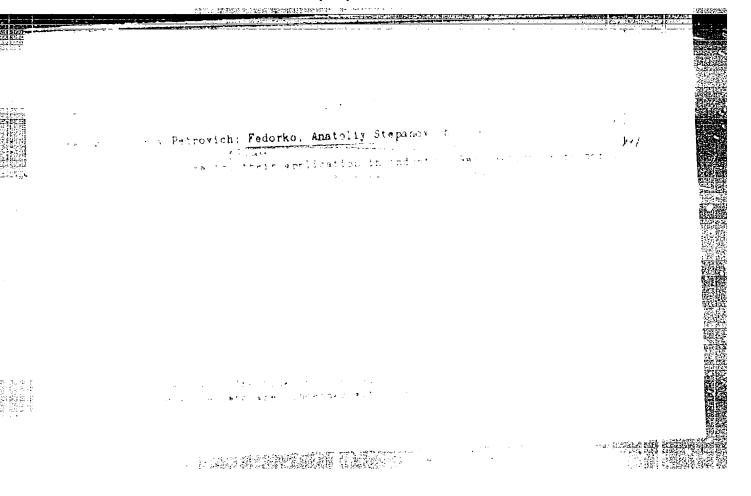
KELOGIU, Yu.P.; FEDORKO, A.S.

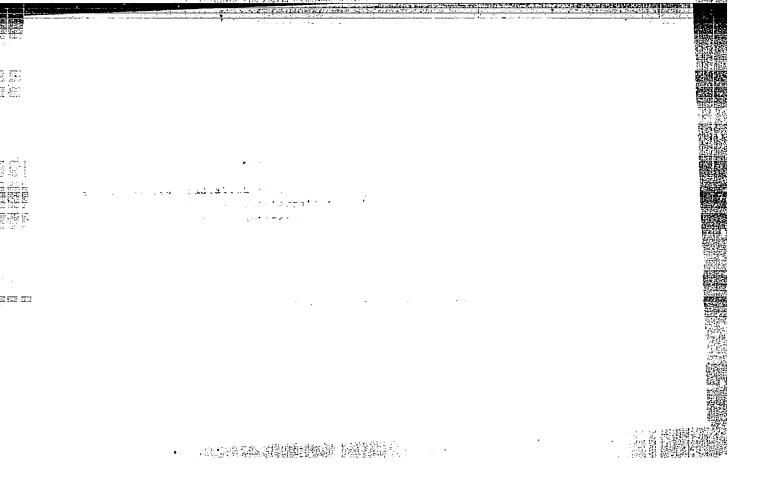
Diagram of the pseudobinary section ZnSb - CdSb. Zhur. neorg.

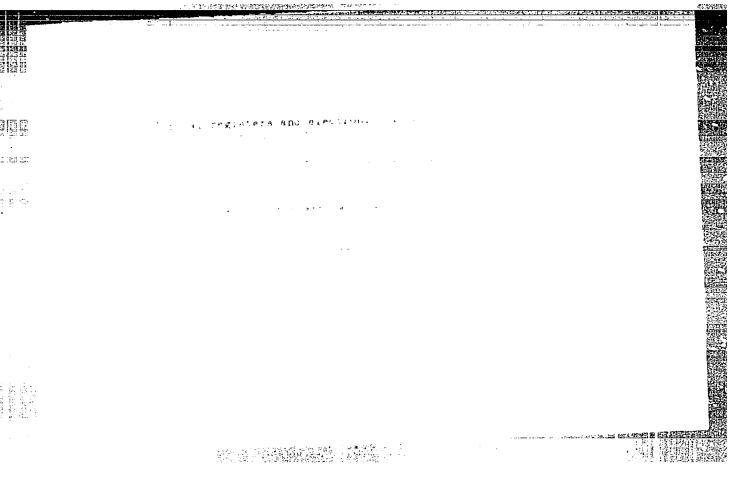
khim. 9 no.8:1915-1919 Ag '64.

(MIRA 17:11)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412610017-9"







"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412610017-9

SOURCE CODE: UR/0058/66/000/009/E030/E030 ACC NRI AR7000862 AUTHOR: Keloglu, Yu. P.; Fedorko, A. S. TITLE: Properties of ZnSb-CdSb system SOURCE: Ref. zh. Fizika, Abs. 9E246 REF SOURCE: Uch. zap. Kishinevsk. un-t. v. 80, 1965, 121-132 TOPIC TAGS: cadmium antimonide system, zinc antimonide system, zinc, aller. bimary system, quasibinary system colinium compound, antimoride, phase diagram, thermal em 6, hest wondertion, electric conduction ABSTRACT: Based on a generalization of experimental material, a series of deductions are made relative to the structure and properties of alloys of the quasibinary ZnSb-CdSb system. A phase diagram of this system, constructed on the basis of data from thermal, x-ray, and microstructural investigations and from measurements of density and microhardness, represents a continuous series of solid solutions. The crystallographic group, configuration of the short range order and the type of chemical bonds in the solid solutions are the same as in binary components. It is noted, that besides the stable ZnSb-CdSb system, there also exists a metastable, temperature position of the liquidus and the solidus,

ACC NR: AR7000862

which is different from that in the stable system. The study of such electrophysical properties as electroconductivity, thermal electromotive force, heat conduction carrier mobility, and carrier activation energy has shown the presence of the extremum of these properties in the ZnCdSb₂ alloy. Although x-rays do not show this alloy to have any structural peculiarities, the authors suggest that it should be considered as a ternary chemical compound, with calculated length of bonds: Zn—Cd 2.93 Å; Sb—Sb 2.81 Å; Zn—Sb 2.65 Å; Cd—Sb 2.81 Å. A bibliography with 93 references is included. I. Marchukova. [Translation of abstract]

SUB CODE: 11,407/

Card 2/2

SOV/124-58-3-3030D

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 3, p 68 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Fedorko, P.P.

TITLE: Experimental Investigation of the Resistance and Convective

Heat Exchange for Air Flow in Short Pipes at Low Reynolds Numbers (Eksperimental noye issledovaniye soprotivleniya

i konvektivnogo teploobmena pri dvizhenii vozdukha v

korotkikh trubakh pri malykh znacheniyakh chisla Reynol'dsa)

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry on the author's dissertation for the degree

of Candidate of Technical Sciences, presented to the Leningr. in-t inzh. vodn. transp. (Leningrad Institute of Water Transport

Engineers), Leningrad, 1957

ASSOCIATION: Leningr. in-t inzh. vodn. transp. (Leningrad Institute of

Water Transport Engineers), Leningrad.

Card 1/1

SOV/124-58-10-11251

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 10, p 79 (USSR)

AUTHOR; Federko, P.P.

TITLE:

Convective Heat Transfer and Drag in an Air Flow in Short Tubes at Small Values of the Reynolds Number (Konvektivnyy teploobmen i soprotivleniye pri dvizhenii vozdukha v korotkikh trubakh pri malykh znacheniyakh chisla Reynol'dsa)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Leningr. in-ta inzh. vodn. transp., 1957, Nr 24, pp 162-174

ABSTRACT:

This is an experimental investigation of the convective heat transfer and drag for the flow of hot air in the initial section of a circular tube. The inlet-flow temperature was varied in the range of from 200 to 500°C and the tube-wall temperature was maintained constant at 100°C all along the length of the tube; the inlet into the tube was sharpedged, the inside surface of the tube was technically smooth, and the relative length of the tube was equal to approximately 40 inside diameters. Experimental values of the drag coefficient and profiles of velocities and temperatures are given for isothermal and nonisothermal flow of air as well as the relationship of the Nusselt number to the Reynold number. As a result of free-flow currents allowed by

Card 1/2

SOV/124-58-10-11251

Convective Heat Transfer and Drag in an Air Flow (cont.)

the conditions of the experiment the flow developed into turbulence even at values of Reynolds number less than 10,000. Under conditions of nonisothermal flow of air the length of the initial hydrodynamic sector did not exceed 20 inside diameters, and the length of initial thermal sector was within the limits of 10-16 diameters, depending upon the value of Reynolds number. Data were obtained for determining the mean heat-transfer coefficient on the initial sector for different values of the Reynolds number and inlet air temperatures in connection with the design calculation of a short-tube heat exchanger.

A.A. Bodzholyan

Card 2/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412610017-9" **APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001**

ARNOL'D, Leonid Vladimirovich, prof.; FEDORKO, P.P., red.; VOLCHOK,

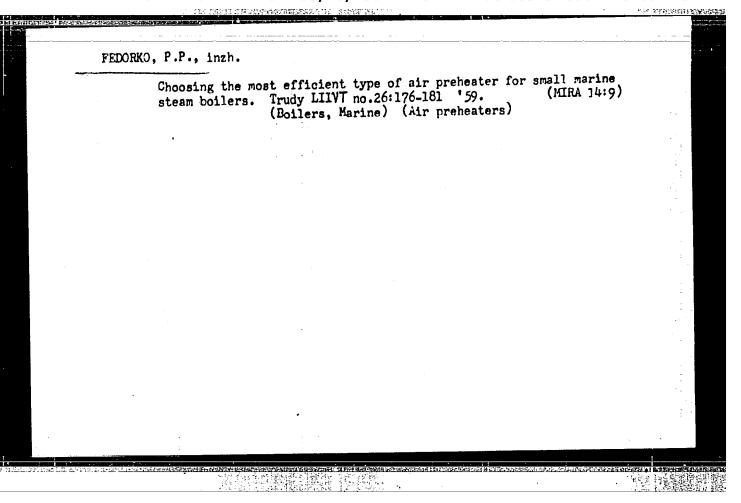
[K.M., tekhn.red.

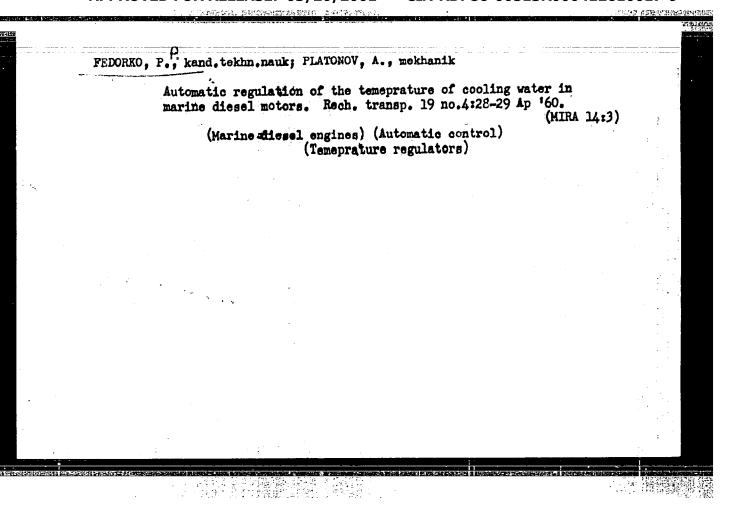
[Thermodynamics and heat exchange] Termodinamika i teploperedacha. Leningrad, Isd-vo "Rechnoi transport." Pt.2.

[Heat transfer] Teploperedacha. 1959. 188 p. (MIRA 12:8)

(Thermodynamics)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412610017-9"





FEDORKO, PP.

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

807/4310

- Arnol'd, Leonid Vladimirovich, Viktor Sergeyevich Markov, Vladimir Mikhaylovich Seliverstov, and Petr Petrovich Fedorko
- Sbornik zadach po tekhnicheskoy termodinamike i teploperedache (Collection of Problems on Applied Thermodynamics and Heat Transfer) Leningrad, Izd-vo "Rechnoy transport," Leningradskoye otd-niye, 1960. 292 p. Errata slip inserted. 3,000 copies printed.
- General Ed.: L.V. Arnol'd, Professor; Reviewer: P.P. Akimov, Docent; Ed.: N.V. Golovanov; Tech. Ed.: K.M. Volchok.
- FURPOSE: This book is intended for students in water transportation institutions taking courses in thermodynamics and heat transfer. It conforms with the program of the Leningrad Institute of Water Transportation.
- COVERAGE: The book consists of 501 problems on thermodynamics and heat transfer. It is subdivided into 16 sections. Each section gives a theoretical introduction, formulas, and one or more example of calculations. Twenty-three appendixes

Card 1/6

TO HERE

Collection of Problems (Cont.)

807/4310

provide tables and graphs of thermodynamic values. Chs. 1, 4, 11, 14, and 15 were written by V.S. Markov; Chs. 3, 5, 10, 12, and 13 were written by V.M. Seliverstov, and Chs. 2, 6,8, 9, and 16 were written by P.P. Fedorko; Ch. 7 jointly by V.S. Markov and V.M. Seliverstov. Chs. 4, 7, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 were written with the cooperation of L.V. Arnol'd. No personalities are mentioned. There are no references.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

PART I. APPLIED THEROODYNAMICS

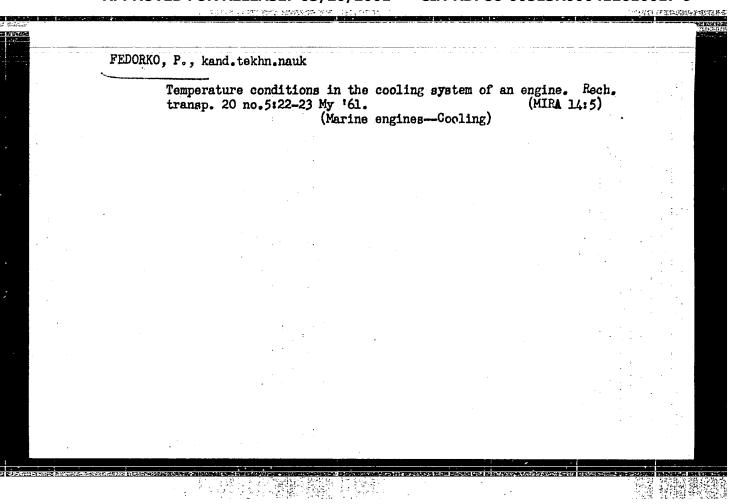
Sec.	l.	Parameters of the Thermodynamic State of a Substance	3
Sec.	2.	Fundamental Laws for Ideal Gases	7
Sec.	3.	Mixtures of Ideal Gases	14
Sec.	4.	Specific Heat of Ideal Gases	22
Sec.	5.	First Law of Thermodynamics	29
Sec.	6.	Thermodynamic Processes in Ideal Gases	35
Card-	_		77

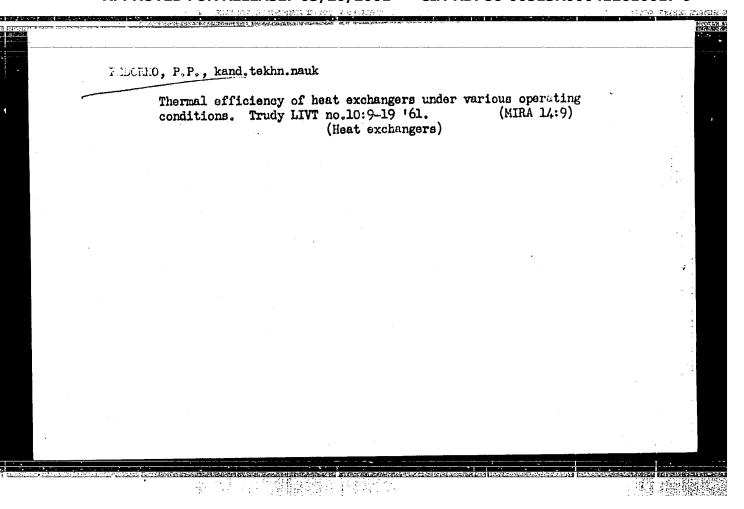
FEDORKO, Petr Petrovich; COLOVANOV, N.V., red.; VOLCHOK, K.M., tekhm.

[Automatic control of the temperature of cooling water in marine engines] Avtomaticheekoe regulirovanie temperatury okhlazhdaiushchei vody v sudövykh dvigateliakh. Leningrad, Izd-vo "Rechnoi transport"

1961. 61 p. (MIRA 14:10)

(Marine engines) (Automatic control)





KUPRIYANOV, Dmitriy Fedorovich; TAREYEV, V.M., pr.f., retsenzent; GCGIN, A.F., retsenzent; FEDORKO, P.P., red.; VOLCHOK, K.M., tekim. red.

[Theory of internal combustion marine engines] Teoriia sudovykh dvigatelei vnutrennego sgoraniia, Izd.2. Leningrad, Izd-vo "Rechnoi transport," 1962, 288 p. (MIRA 16:1)

(Marine engines)

ANTONOVICH. Sergey Aleksandrovich; SHIFRIN, M.Sh., doktor tekhn.nauk, reten; MERKIN, D.R., doktor fiziko-mat. nauk, prof., reten.; FEDORKO, P.P., red.; VOLCHOK, K.M., tekhn. red.

[Fundamentals of the theory of automatic control] Osnovy teorii avtomaticheakogo regulirovaniia. Leningrad, Izd-vo "Rechnoi transport," 1962. 367 p. (MIRA 15:7)

(Automatic control)

S/182/61/000/002/008/009 A161/A133

AUTHORS:

Skuchilin, Yu.A., Fedorkevich, V.F.

TITLE:

A unique sheet-stamping press

PERIODICAL:

Kuznechno-shtampovochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 2, 1961, 43 - 44

TEXT: The Voronezhskiy zavod tyazhelykh mekhanicheskiy pressov (Voronezh Heavy Mechanical Press Plant) has produced a "K383" 2,500 ton double-crank single-action press. It has been designed by SKB-10 for the cold-stamping of large oblong work and is intended for blanking, bending, piercing, shaping and embossing operations. Six hydro-pneumatic belsters with a total of 500 ton clamping stress make it possible to effect shallow extrusion as well. The wide front is open, and work may be placed and removed along the entire front, while the press can also be employed for multiposition operations. The essential technical data are the fellowing: Rated pressure - 2,500 tons; slide block travel - 500 mm; number of slid block strokes - 8 p.minute; maximum spaces between the slide block in bottom position and the table - 1,250 mm; die space adjustment range - 500 mm; space between pillars - 7,500 mm; table length (between pillars) - 7,500 mm; table width 2,000 mm; main drive - 125 kw; over-all dimensions in plane

Card 1/ 2

A unique sheet-stamping press

\$/182/61/000/002/008/009 A161/A133

view - 10,300 x 3,600 mm; maximum height over floor - 8,800 mm; total height -12,600 mm; weight - 530 ton. The frame is dismountable; The table, pillars and cross head are welded from 30 to 160 mm thick sheets by the electro-slag welding process. The weight of the largest all-welded parts is: cross head 86 tons, slide 60 tons, table 95 tons. The escentric-gear drive is actuated by a 125 kw motor through belt and gear transmissions. All drive gears are enclosed in the crosshead. The high-speed (herringbone) transmission is in a closed oil bath, while the low-speed gears are lubricated by pouring. Clutch and brake are both of the two-disk friction type, with pneumatic control, and rigidly interblocked. The heat transfer from the friction surfaces is rapid for the disks are hollow and special windows are provided in the flywheel. The press has two kinds of ejectors in the slide block - rigid and spring-mounted ones, removing the work from the top die at the moment of the slide-block, starting upward. Oil lubrication is used for all gear transmissions, connecting rod ends, and worm drives of the die-space adjustment system, and grease for guides, bolsters, and bearings. Both lubrication systems are central and automatic. Four stationary control panels and one portable panel are provided for in view of the press size. There are 2 figures. [Abstracter's note: Essentially full translation]

Card 2/2

FEDORKO, A.

Studies on the relation between the age of summer swedelike rape and infection with the larvae of Heterodera schaehtii Schm. Bul Ac Pol biol 10 no.6:227-228 162.

1. Sugar Industry Institute, Warsaw. Presented by K.Petrusewicz.

s/076/62/036/011/019/021 B101/B180

AUTHORS:

Keloglu, Yu. P., and Fedorko, A. S.

TITLE:

Metallographic and x-ray diffraction studies of some pseudobinary sections in the system Cd - Zn - Sb

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal fizicheskoy khimii, v. 36, no. 11, 1962, 2544-2547

TEXT: In the system Cd - Zn - Sb, tentative constitution diagrams were constructed for the pseudobinary sections SbZn - CdSb, SbZZn3 - CdSb, and $5b_3^{Zn}$ - CdSb, powder patterns of the allloys were taken, and their densities were determined. Results: (1) In the section ZnSb - CdSb (Fig. 2), the specimens 1-4 and 9-13 form a continuous series of solid solutions. The powder pattern of specimen 8, which had maximum density, showed a hexagonal lattice with c/a = 0.83 - 0.84. It is ascribed the Cormula Calingby. A hexagonal modification with the lattice constants n=4.08 kX, c=2.358 kX, c/n=0.725 was found for CdSb. (2) In the section Sb_2Zn_3 - CdSb (Fig. 3), a compound is formed with 35% CdSb for

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412610017-9" **APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001**

Motallographic and x-ray diffraction ...

S/076/62/036/011/019/021 B101/B180

which the composition CdZn3Sb3 is suggested, but the lattice was not identified. A second compound is probably formed by decomposition of $Sb_2^{Zn_3}$ into 2SbZn+Zn, and reaction of CdSb with SbZn, since the powder pattern of specimen 12 did not show CdSb or Sb_2Zn_3 lines, while those of specimens 2 and 3 corresponded to Sb_2Zn_3 , and 13, 14, and 15 to CdSb. (3) In the section Sb_3Zn_4 - CdSb (Fig. 4), only a chemical compound with hexagonal lattice, $c/a \sim 0.3$, is formed. For $Sb_3 2n_4$, a was found to be 10.7 kX, c = 3.53 kX, c/a = 0.33. There are 4 figures.

ASSOCIATION:

Kishinevskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet (Kishinev State

University)

SUBMITTED:

April 9, 1962

Card 2/d

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412610017-9" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

KELOGLU, Yuriy Fetrovich; FEDOREO, Anatoliy Stepanovich; SAMOSUDOV, F. red.

[Radioactive devices and their use in industry] Radioaktivnye pribory, ikh primenenia v promyshlennosti. Kishinev, Kartia moldoveniaske, 1964. 166 p. (MIRA 17:11)

ACCESSION NR: AP4031129

5/0192/64/005/002/0236/0241

AUTHOR: Keloglu, Yu. P.; Fedorko, A. S.

TITIE: X-ray structural analysis of alloys of the ZnSb-CdSb system.

SOURCE: Zhurnal strukturnoy khimii, v. 5, no. 2, 1964, 236-241

TOPIC TAGS: ZnSb CdSb system, alloy, x ray structure, zinc antimonide containing alloy, calcium antimonide containing system, solid solution, x ray powder diagram, structural parameter, Vegard law, ZnCdSb sub 2, semiconductor, p type semiconductor, electrical conductivity, thermal electromotive force

ABSTRACT: Samples of alloys of the ZnSb-CdSb system in 5 mol. concentration increments from 0 to 100 mol CdSb were subjected to x-ray analysis. It was found that all of the alloys are rhombic which led to the assumption of that the alloys are a continuous series of solid solutions. All the x-ray powder diagrams indicate no structural peculiarities among the alloys. Values of all' three structural parameters increased with increase in CdSb content. A deviation from Vegard's law was observed in the 50 mol CdSb range indicating the formation of an ordered solid solution or chemical compound. However if a chemical compound.

1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4031129

of the ZnCdSb₂ type is formed, it is difficult to identify because of the interchangeability of the Zn and Cd. As a result of the analgous initial compounds it is assumed that chemical compounds without structural differences from ZnSb and CdSb, and also solid solutions based on them, can exist. All the samples examined are p-type semiconductors; their electric conductivity at room temperature is in the range of 10-60 ohm cm⁻¹; their thermoelectromotive force is 20-400 microvolts/degree. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Kishinavskiy gosudarstvenny*y universitet (Kishinav State University)

SUEMITTED: 13Mar63 DATE ACQ: Ofmay64 ENCL: OO

SUB CODE: MM: NO REF SOV: O23 OTHER: CO7

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412610017-9"

13.37 阿拉爾斯特斯 香蕉紅

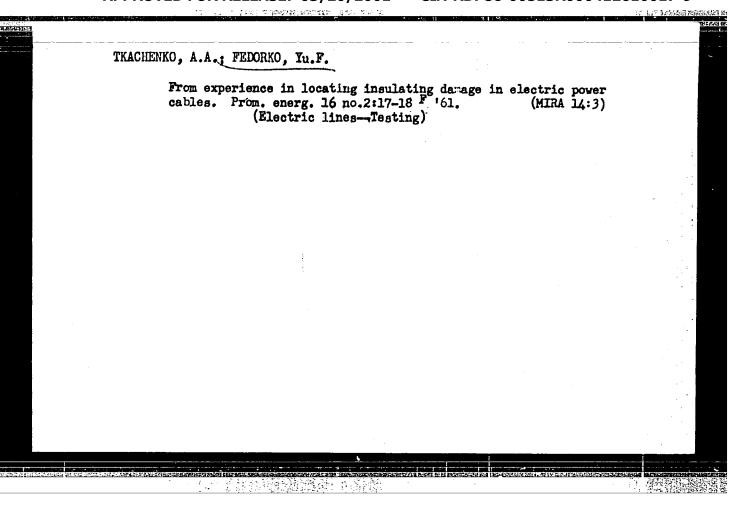
TJP(61/13T/AST(81-8/ ENT (m)/EMP(W)/EWA(d) (SUF(t)/EMP(b) A PRITE (ESD (ES) ID our billiams be iche fats ACCESSION NR: AP4043578 AUTHOR: Keloglu, Yu. P.; Fedorko, A. S. TITLE: Diagram of the pseudobinary cross section of TuSb-CdSb. SOURCE: Zhurnal neorganicheskoy khimu, v. 9. no. 8, 1964, 1915, 1918 world TAGS: ZrSb CdSb system, x ray analysis, thermal analysis, density, microgardness, electric conductivity, solid solution, lettice parameter, pseudobinary cross section end of the T. Melts of the ZnSb-CdSb system one reason or are rements of 5 , and with the subjected to \mathbf{x} ray and the constraints of properties of the solid solutions are table for the contract of aspect without any additional lines to indicate and to a compenents or traisitional structures. Electric conductivity curves at room temperature and 100C showed extremes at a component ratio of 1.1, the differences in the experimental Card 1/2

values a	hose in the literature were attributed to the degree o	forderliness
n the soma	solutions which is below the sensitivity of the x ray a	malisis The
warna and	microhardness data was plotted. The permit groups	ं रहा,दकन्
	sing CdSb content, and the microhard കുടു വരുകൾ വുടുന്ന നിൽക്കുന്ന നിർ Mecrease, വരുക്കുന്നു	on en en en en en e
	to the compart was concluded that the proof.	
	figures and 2 tables	the E

SUBMITTED: 01Jun63 ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: SS NO REF SOV: 010 OTHER: 003

Carc 2/2



FEDORKOV, GOV.

TREASURE ISLAND BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REPORT PHASE I

AID 537 - I

Call No.: AF603914 BOOK

Author: FEDORKOV, G. V., Kand. of Tech. Sci.

DAMPING OF FREE VIBRATIONS OF A SYSTEM WITH MANY DEGREES Full Title:

OF FREEDOM

Transliterated Title: O zatukhanii sobstvennykh kolebaniy sistem

so mnogimi stepenyami svobody

PUBLISHING DATA Originating Agency: Moscow Institute of Railroad Transport Engineers im. Stalin (MIIT), Trudy, Issue 76, Construction Mechanics

Publishing House: State Publishing House of Railroad Transport

No. of copies: 1,000 No. pp.: 6 (135-140) Date: 1952

Editorial Staff

Editor-in-Chief: Litvin, G. A., Kand. of Tech. Sci. Editors: Profs., Doc. of Tech. Sci. Prokof'yev, I. P.,

Pratusevich, Ya. A., and Sinel'nikov, V. V. Others: The preface was written by Gerasimov, A. S., Chief of MIIT,

General Director of Traffic III Rank

PURPOSE: / A paper intended for engineering-technical and

scientific workers of railroad transport.

TEXT DATA

Coverage: The author explains the method of introduction of hypo-

O zatukhanii sobstvennykh kolebaniy sistem so mnogimi stepenyami svobody

AID 537 - I

thetical outside forces proportional to the velocities of corresponding points of the system, for the determination of vibrations of systems with many degrees of freedom. Diagrams and formulae.

No. of References: Russian 4, dated 1947-1950.

Facilities: MIIT - Moskva Electromechanical Institute of Railroad Engineers.

2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412610017-9"

124-58-9-10321

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 9, p 132 (USSR)

AUTHOR:

Fedorkov, G. V.

TITLE:

How to Account for the Decay of Free Vibrations in Systems With Many Degrees of Freedom (Ob uchete zatukhaniya pri svobodnykh kolebaniyakh sistem so mnogimi stepenyami svobody)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Mosk. in-ta inzh. zh.-d. transp., 1957, Nr 91, pp 132-142

ABSTRACT:

The problem is a special case of the general problem of the calculation of the forced vibrations of elastic systems having many degrees of freedom including hysteresis losses [Sorokin, Ye.S., Issledovaniya po dinamike sooruzheniy (Investigations on the Dynamics of Structures). Stroyizdat, 1951; Pisarenko, G.S., Kolebaniya uprugihkh sistem s uchetom rasseyaniya energii v materiale (Vibrations of Elastic Systems With Due Account for the Energy Dissipation Within the Material). Kiyev, Izd-vo AN UkrSSR, 1955]. The solution of the equation of the vibrations is performed by the matrix method. It is concluded that the rate of decay of the vibrations is determined only by the diagonal terms of the dissipation matrix while the adjacent terms effect only a change of the form of

Card 1/2

124-58-9-10321

· 新型制度器

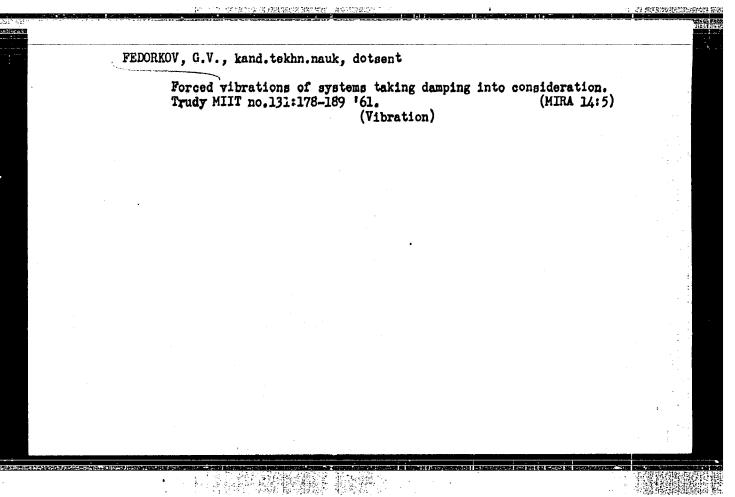
How to Account for the Decay of Free Vibrations in Systems (Cont.)

the vibrations. The dissipation of the vibrational energy is accounted for by means of the viscous-friction hypothesis.

V. V. Khil' chevskiy, V. I. Shashlov

1. Vibrations--Decay 2. Vibrations--Theoretical analysis

Card 2/2



FEDORKOV, C.V., kand.tekhn.nauk, dotsent

Using a matrix of integration to calculate rods of varying section for natural vibration. Trudy MIIT no.174:52-60 '63.

(MIRA 18:1)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412610017-9"

FEDORKOV, I. A., Cand of Tech Sci -- (diss) "Investigation of the Technology of the Preparation of Previously Stressed Reinforced-Concrete
Supports for a Contact Voltage System Used in the Electrification
of Railroad Lines," Moscow, 1959, 13 pp (Moscow Institute of Engineers
of Railraod Transport im Stalin) (KL, 2-60, 115)

BOGIN, N.M., kand. tekhn. nauk; FEDORKOV, I.A., kand. tekhn. nauk

Improving the production of I beam supports for overhead contact
systems. Transp. stroi. 14 no.10:23-25 0 '64. (MIRA 18:3)

FEDORKOV, I.A., inzh.; SHESTOPEROV, S.V., doktor tekhn.nauk; KUZNETSOV,
P.V., red.; GERASIMOVA, Ye.S., tekhn.red.

[Adhesion of stressed reinforcements to concrete; studying the adhesion of stressed twisted and shaped reinforcements 3, 4, and 5 mm in diameter] Stseplenie napriazhennoi armatury s betonom; issledovaniia stsepleniia napriazhennoi vitoi i profilirovannoi armatury diametrom 3, 4 i 5 millimetrov. Moskva, Gosplaniadat, 1959. 46 p.

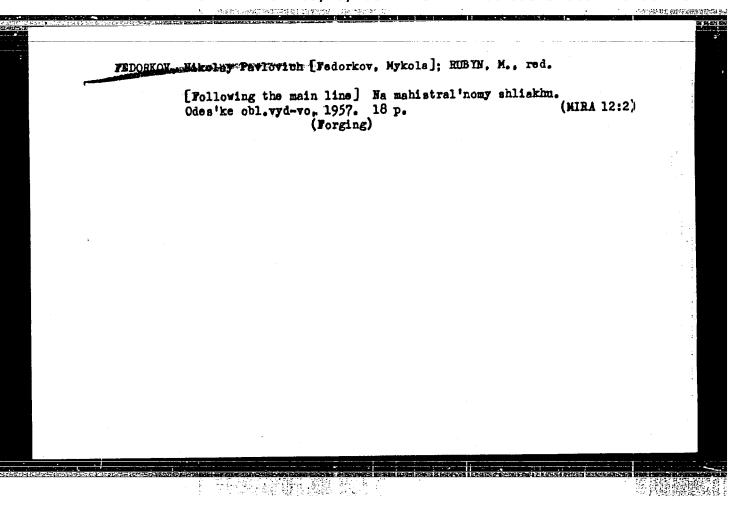
(Reinforced concrete)

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YEVIANOV, G.M., insh.; FEDOREOV, I.A., insh.

New design of contact network supports. Transp. stroi. 9 no.11:
31-34 N '59

(Electric lines--Poles)



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FADOR	KOV, S.G., inst Lumber supp no.5:81-87	ly and woodworking establishme	ents. Energ.stroi. (MIRA 12:5)	
	1. Zamestit	al' glavnogo inshenera Upravlo	eniya promyehlennykh predpi	4-
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<u>。1995年1995年7月2日,25日日日 南京公司公司公司</u>	· 共文 市区区 () () () () () () () () () (PARENCE TO THE REPORT OF THE PARENCE P	2 化多量性分析器 E 医动物性结合性 化对邻苯基苯基 经证据 化二苯甲基苯甲基苯甲基苯甲基苯甲基	

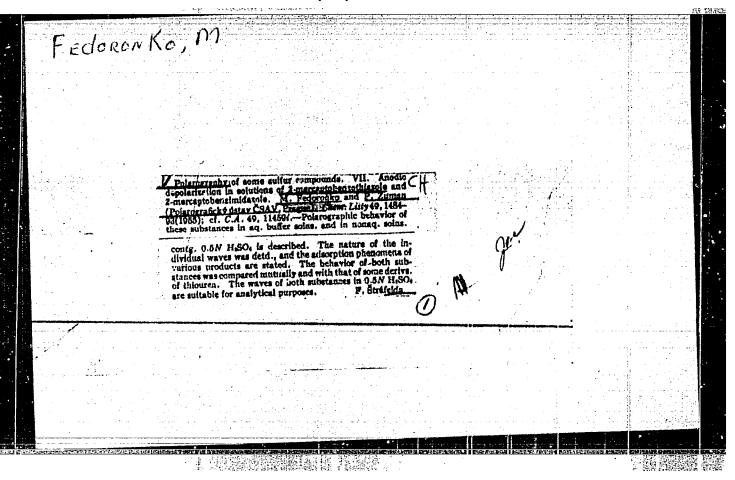
KHANIN, M.L.; KUZHETSOVA, V.A.; KEDORKOVA, D.K.

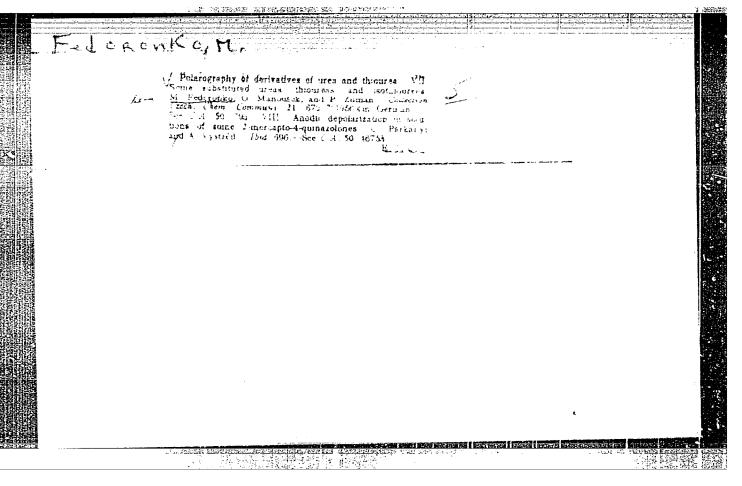
The role of convelescents in the epidemiology of dysentery. Zhur.
mikrobiol.epid, i immun. 29 no.3:122 Mr '58. (MIRA 11:4)

1. Iz Kubanskogo meditsinskogo instituta i I gorodskoy polikliniki.
(DYSENTERY)

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C NR: AP 60 34 200 (A, N) SOURCE CODE: UR/0240/66/000/010/0021/0024	
wederkova, L. V.	
TITLE: Working conditions during use of months	
SOURCE: Gigiyens 1 sanitariya, no. 10, 1966, 21-24	
TOPIC TAGS: spray nozzle, chemical spray tank, agricultural machinery, over 1 and the spray of t	
ABSTRACT: During 1962-1963, five blower-type sprayers (OPV, OVT-1, OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and one hydraulic hose sprayer (ON-10) developed by OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and Construction Bureau for Machinery for Chemical OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and Construction Bureau for Machinery for Chemical OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and Construction Bureau for Machinery for Chemical OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and Construction Bureau for Machinery for Chemical OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and Construction Bureau for Machinery for Chemical OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and Construction Bureau for Machinery for Chemical OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and Construction Bureau for Machinery for Chemical OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and Construction Bureau for Machinery for Chemical OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and Construction Bureau for Machinery for Chemical OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and Construction Bureau for Machinery for Chemical OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and Construction Bureau for Machinery for Chemical OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and Construction Bureau for Machinery for Chemical OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and Construction Bureau for Machinery for Chemical OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and Construction Bureau for Machinery for Chemical OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and Construction Bureau for Machinery for Chemical OVS-2, OSS, ONKh) and Construction Bureau for Machinery for Chemical OVS-2, OSS, ONKh, OSS, OSS, OSS, OSS, OSS, OSS, OSS, OS	
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THER	Fedoronko, M.	
5T.	Not given The Polarographic Study of 1-Phenylacetylcarbinol	
TITLE	and Methylbenzoylcarbinol	•
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CRIG. FUB.	, C em Analit, 3, No 3-4, 573-579 (1958)	
\$	seem colutions (BS)	
ABSTRACT	Experiments with various builter solutions of the as background have been made in the course of the	
i	as background have been made in and as background have been made in additional for the development of a polarographic method for the development of a polarographic method for the	
	determination of 1-phonyldocuter than been estab-	
	methylbenzoylcarbinol (11). It at a dropping Hg lished that the reduction of I at a dropping Hg lished that the reduction at HS of pH >7. The	:
	lished that the reduction of 1 abs of pH >7. The electrode proceeds only in a BS of pH >7. The	•
	electrode proceeds only in a BS of ph. and 0.5 M Ey2 for I in a BS which is 0.5 M in NH, and 0.5 M Ey2 for I in a BS which is 0.5 M in NH, and 0.5 M	
•	Ey ₂ for I in a BS which is 0.9 H In My in NH ₄ Cl (pH 9.3-9.4) is -1.70 v. II against BS in NH ₄ Cl (pH 9.3-9.4) is -1.70 v. II against BS	•
	in NH, C1 (pH 9.3-9.4) 18 -1.70 background with pH < 4.5 gives a reduction wave	
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		•	the height of which decreases at pH > 4.5, wi	th	
	ABSTRACT	1	the appearance of a solution wave is observed, its he the second reduction wave is observed, its he showing little dependence on the pH at pH > 1 showing little dependence on the pH at pH > 1 in strongly alkaline media, a wave for the reduction of I appears in addition to the reduction of I appears in addition to the result	otion	
			wave for II; the former is formed as a two wave for II; the former is formed as a two wave for II. The shift of the E $_{V2}$ the isomerization of I. The shift of the E $_{V2}$ I and II to more negative values depends on a nature of the cation added (the effect is in nature of the cation added (the effect is in	the	
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uction of I and II rocess. It has been lkaline and in scid HCl), the isomeriza- n I = II takes place in 7-10 N HCl, K f pH 9.3-9.4 (at 25°)	order Na ⁺ $<$ K ⁺ $<$ Li ⁺ $<$ Ca ²⁺ on its concentration. The is a reversible two-electro established that in strongl solutions (0.01 M LiOH, 7-1 tion (tautomerization) reac (in LiOH solutions, $K_m = 0$. = 1.8). When a NH ₃ -NH ₄ Cl H is used, I and II give shar		ABSTRACT
	 137`		CARD: 3/3

FEDORONKO,

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Physical Chemistry. Electrochemistry. B-12

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 23, 1958, 76833.

: Fedoronko, M. Author

Inst : NOT BIAOM! Title

: The Physicochemical Investigation of L-Pheny-lacetyl Carbinol and Methylbezoyl Carbinol. I. Study of the Polarographic Behavior of L-Phenylacetyl Carbinol and Methylbenzoyl Carbinol.

Orig Pub: Chem Zvesti, 12, No 1, 17-23 (1958) (in Slovak with summaries in German and in Russian).

Abstract: The author has found that L-phenylacetyl car-

binol (I) in buffer solutions at pH > 7 gives a two-electron reducing wave, the half wave potential of which is independent of the pH. The height of the step of I varies linearly with the concentration of I; the temperature

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Slovenska akad nied Bratislava, Cych.

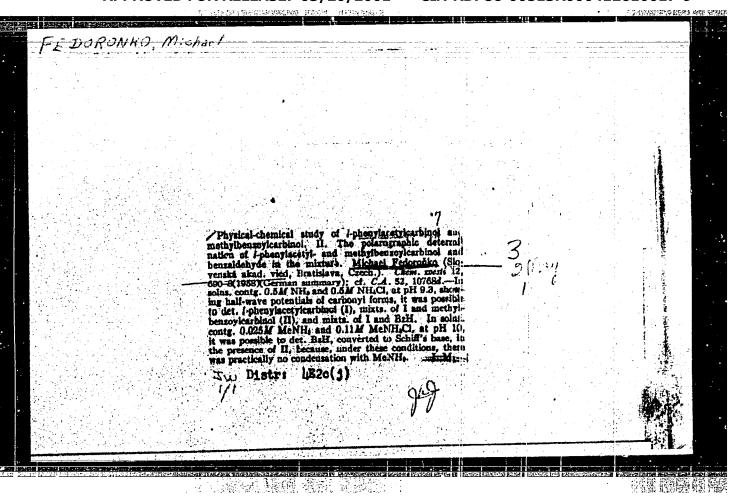
CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Physical Chemistry. Electrochemistry. B-12

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 23, 1958, 76833.

Abstract: coefficient of the diffusion current is 1.86% per degree. The E-log i/(i, p-i) /sic/ plot is linear, the slope corresponding to an apparent number of electrons n = 1.1. Methylben-zoyl carbinol (II) in solutions of pH 5 gives a single two-electron wave with a half-wave potential which is displaced by -90 mv per unit increase in pH. At pH 5 the step height decreases and at pH 7 the wave disapheight decreases and at pH 7 the wave disappears altogether. At the same time the appearance of a second step is observed at pH 5. The total height of both steps is constant and equal to the height of the first step in acid solutions. The half-wave potential of the second step is independent of the pH; at pH > 10 this wave begins to decrease. The half-wave

Card 2/3

59



FEDORONKO, Michal, inz., C.Sc.; BERG, Hermann, dr.

Polarographic behavior of actinomycins. Chem zvesti 16 no.1/2: 28-43 Ja-F '62.

1. Ceskoslovenska akademie ved, Oddelenie fysikalnej a analytickej chemie Chemickeho ustavu Slovenskej akademie vied, Bratislava (for Fedoronko). Fedorenko's address: Bratislava, Mlynske nivy 37, Chemicky ustav Slovenskej akademie vied. 2. Institut fur Mikrobiologie und experimentelle Therapie, Jena, German Democratic Republic (for Berg). Berg's address: Jena, Beuthenbergstrasse 11.



FEDORONKA; Michal, inz., C.Sc.; LINEK, Kazimir, inz.; PECIAR, Cyril, ins.

Potentiometric determination of the sulfuric acid and lactic acid present side by side. Chem zvesti 17 no.3:194-200 '63.

1. Chemicky ustav Slovenskej akedemie vied, Oddelenie Fyzikalnej a analytickej chemie, Bratislava, Mlynske nivy 37.

SUCHY, Jan, inz., C. Sc.; FEDORONKO, Michal, inz., C. Sc.

Preparative chromatographic separation of the mixture of phenylacetyl carbinol and methylbenzoyl carbinol. Chem zvesti 17 no.3:201-206 '63.

1. Chemicky ustav Slovenskej akademie vied, Bratislava, Dubravska cesta.

LINEK, Kazimir, inz.; PECIAR, Cyril, inz.; FEDCRONKO, Michal, inz., CSc.

Determination of purine bases. Pt. 2. Chem zvesti 17 nc.7:510516 *63.

1. Chemicky ustav, Slovenska akademia vied, Bratislava, Dubravska

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Peddaronko, M.; 28Min, r. Pedlarography of urea and thiourea derivatives. Pt. 13. Coll Cz Grem 29 no.9:2115-2133 S 164. i. Jaroslav Heyrovsky Institute of Polarography, Czechoslovak Academy of Chiences, Frague. P. Cremical Institute, Slovak Academy of Cciences, Bratislava (Fresent address for Fedoronko).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412610017-9"

L 9901-60 SOURCE CODE: CZ/0043/65/000/007/0550/0058 ACC NR: AP6003384 AUTHOR: Fedoronko, Michal -- Fedoron ko (Engineer; Candidate of sciences); Linek, Kazimir (Engineer) Candidate of sciences) Institute, Slovak Academy of Sciences, Bratislava (Chemicky ustav Slovenskej akademie vied) TITLE: Determination of D-erythro-2-pentulose in the presence of D-arabinose and D-ribose SOURCE: Chemicke Zvesti, no. 7, 1965, 550-558 TOPIC TAGS: aqueous solution, spectrophotometric analysis, polarographic analysis, quantitative analysis, inorganic acid, carbohydrate The rate of formation of furfural, and of 5-hydroxymethylfurfural from pentoses, or from hexoses in aqueous solutions of inorganic acids depends upon the reaction conditions, and upon the nature of the monosaccharide being decomposed. In was shown that among the pentoses D-erythro-2-pentulose is dehydrated in aqueous solutions of sulfuric acid much faster than D-arabinose, or D-ribose. On the basis of kinetics data for the formation of furfural, conditions for a spectrophotometric and polarographic determination of D-erythro--2-pentulose in the presence of D-arabinose and D-ribose were found. The mixture is heated on a boiling water bath in 0.4 N sulfuric acid for 15 minutes; the released furfural is determined Cord 1/2

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CZECHOSLOVAKIA

FEDOROBKO, M., KONIGSTEMN, J., LINEK, K.

Chemical Institute, Slovak Academy of Sciences, Bratislava - (for all).

Prague, Collection of Czecheslovak Chemical Communications, No. 12, December 1965, pp 4297-4306

"Polarographic and preparative electroreduction of dl-glyceraldehyde and dihydroxyscetome."
(For the 75th birthday of Academician J. Heyrovsky).

FEDOROV, A.; CHAYKA, A.; MATYUKOV, N.

Training specialists. Avt.transp. 42 no. 4:48-49 Ap '64.
(MIRA 17:5)

1. Direktor Makhachkalinskoy avtoshkly (for Fedorov).

FEDOROV, A., Engineer

Author of a series of articles on atomic energy in the following issures of Doblest': "Muclear Energy," 9 July 1954: "Critical Weight of the Charge," 16 July 1954; "Hydrogen Bomb," 17 July 1954; and "Cobalt Bomb" and "Combat Radioactive Substances, 20 July 1954. (The 8 and 14 July 1954 issues of Doblest', not received contained similar articles.)

Author of article, "What Is an Atomic Weapon?" describing in general, elementary terms, the composition and action of an atomic weapon. Sovetskaya Armiya, Group of Soviet Forces, Germany, 21 Jul 54

Author of article, "What Is an Atomic Weapon?" concerning the hydrogen and cobalt bombs. Sovetskaya Armiya, Group of Soviet Forces, Germany, 3 Aug 54

SO: SUM 291, 2 Dec 1954

WEKRASOV, K., doktor tekhn. nauk; TARASOVA, A., kand. tekhn. nauk; PEDOROV.

A., kand. tekhn. nauk

Using heatproof concrete in lining tunnel kiln cars. Stroi. mat.
4 no. 7:9-11 J1 '58.

(Kilns)

(Concrete)

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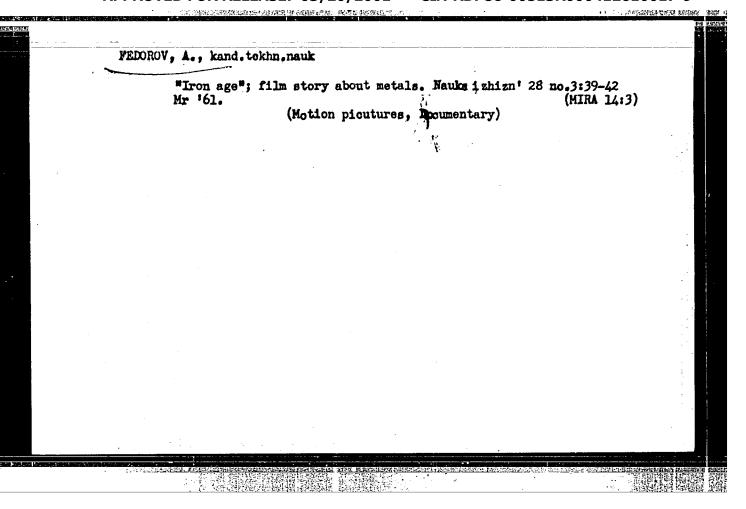
Modification of the threshers of RSM-8 and S-6 combines to harvest corn for grain. Tekh.v sel'khoz. 21 no.8:10-18 Ag '61.

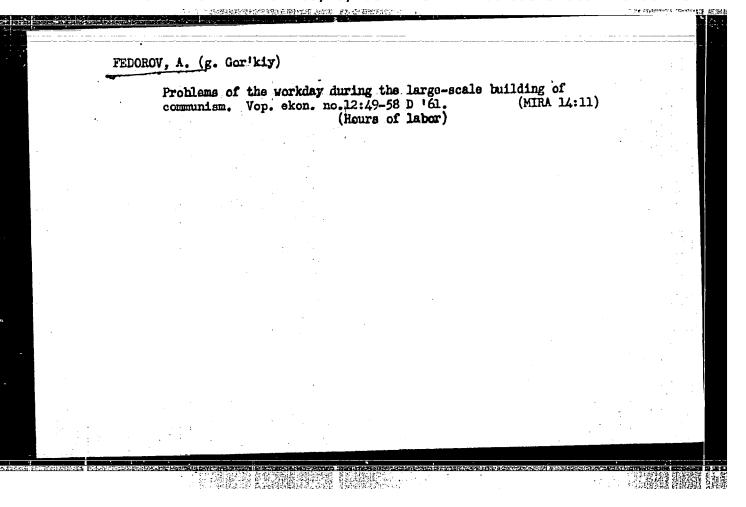
(MIRA 14:7)

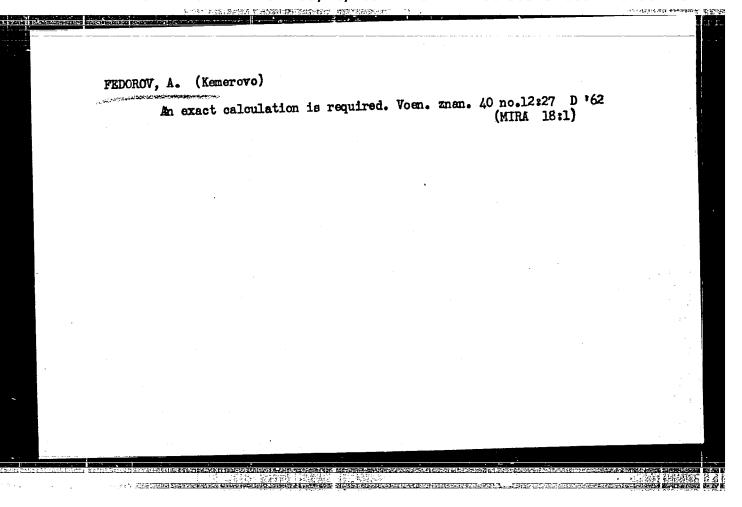
1. Kubanskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut ispytaniya traktorov i sel'skokhozyaystvennykh mashin.

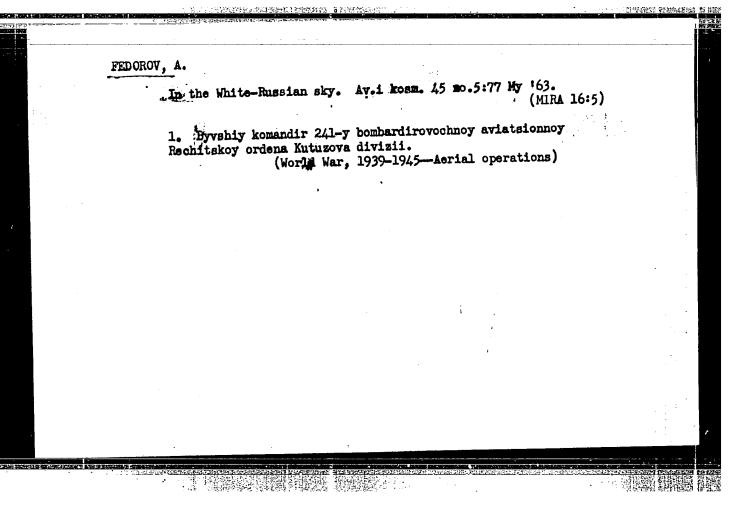
(Gombines (Agricultural machinery))

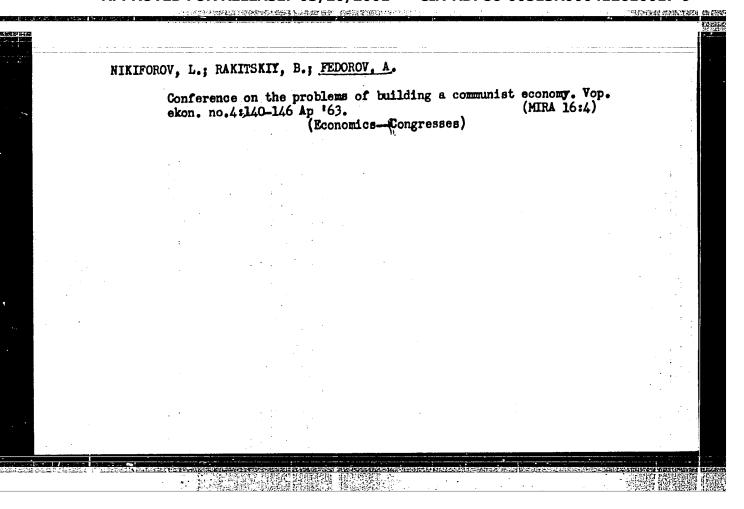
(Corn (Maize)—Harvesting)









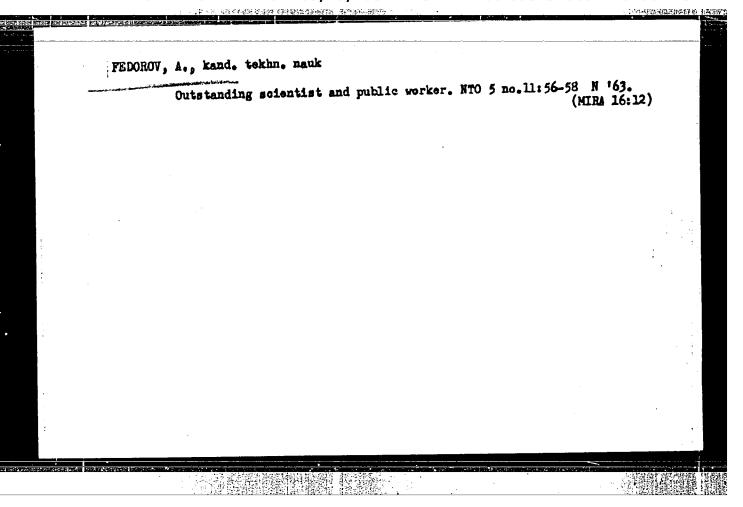


FEDOROV, A. (Voronezh); ZEFIROV, V. (Sverdlovsk); TEREKHOV, N. (Moskva);
RIABCHIKOV, A. (Mizhniy Tagil)

Repaired by amateurs. Radio no.2:51 F 163; (MIRA 16:2)

(Television—Maintenance and repair)

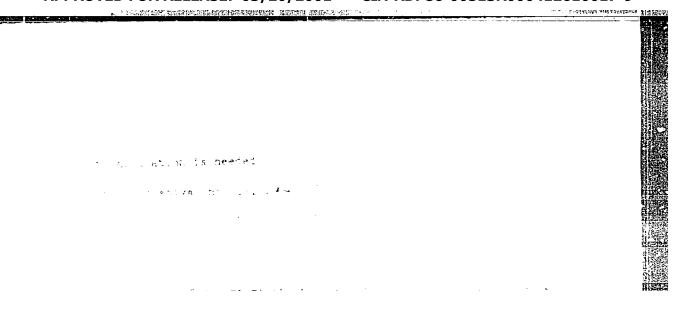
(Radio—Maintenance and repair)



TROFIMOV, N.; FEDOROV, A.; SEMENKOV, A.

The main thing is not hours, but hectares. Grazhd. av. 21 no.10:25 0 '64. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Zamestitel' komandira Stavropol'skogo aviapodrazdeleniya po politicheskoy chasti (for Trofimov). 2. Starshiy inzh.-ekonomist Stavropol'skogo aviapodrazdeleniya (for Semenkov).



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SAVINOV, V.M.; SOKOLOV, L.B.; PEDOROV, A.A.

Effect of the acidity of diols on the hydrolytic stability of oxalic acid polyesters. Vysokom. soed. 6 no.7:1335-1339 Jl. 64 (MIRA 18:2)

1. Vladimirskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sinteticheskikh smol.

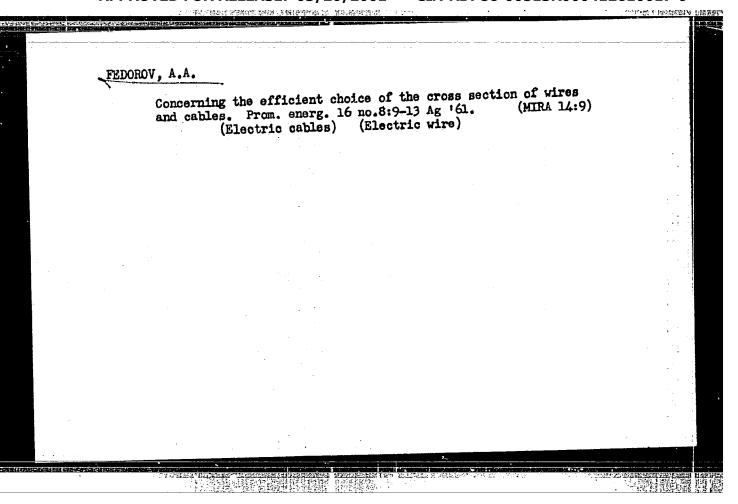
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BRONEVITSKIY, V.P.; VISLENEV, M.V.; ZINOV'YEVA, U.Z.; MILYUGIN, A.M.; RASIN, B.I.; FEDOROV, A.A.; FEDOROV, A.D.; FEDOTOVA, A.Ye.; VOLKHOVER, R.S., tekhm. red.

[Central Museum of Communications named after A.S.Popov]
TSentral'nyy muzei sviazi imeni A.S.Popova. Leningrad,
1962. 234 p. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.)Ministerstvo sviazi. (Leningrad-Communications museums)



AVINOVITSKIY, I.Ya.: ALEKSEYEV, S.V.; BARANOV, B.M.; GEL'MAN, R.Ye.;
DVOSKIN, L.I.; DOLGINOV, A.I.; YERMILOV, A.A.; ZALESKIY, Yu.Ye.;
KAMENEVA, V.V.; KLIMIKSEYEV, V.M.; KNYAZEVSKIY, B.A.; KUZNETSOV,
P.V.; RIVKIN, G.A.; FEDOROV, A.A.; SERBINOVSKIY, G.V., red.;
BOL'SHAM, Ya.M., red.; BRANDENBURGSKAYA, E.Ya., red.; VORONIN,
K.P., tekhn. red.

[Manual for power engineers of industrial enterprises in four volumes] Spravochnik energetika promyshlennykh predpriiatii v chetyrekh tomakh. Moskva, Gosenergoizdat. Vol.1. [Electric power supply] Elektrosnabzhenie. Pod obshchei red. A.A.Fedorova, G.V. Serbinovskogo i IA.M.Bol'shama. 1961. 840 p. (MIRA 15:6) (Electric engineering)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412610017-9"

FEDOROV, A.A.; BOL'SHAKOV, A.Yu.; SOKOLOV, M.M.; NATSVIN, A.N.; PAVLYUKOVICH, Ye.A.

Principal results of work on using the gamma-ray scattering method in a Central Asian mercury mine. Uch. zap. SAIGIMSa no.8:53-58 162. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut razvedochnoy geofiziki i Yuzhnyy gornometallurgicheskiy kombinat im. Frunze.

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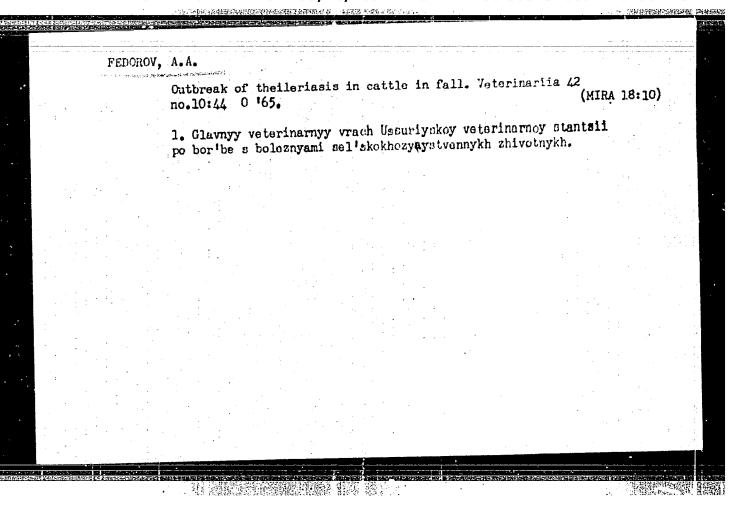
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FEDOROV, A.A., veterin. vrach; MAL'TSEVA, G.A., veterin. vrach

Practices in the preparation and use of PMS. Veterinariia 41 no.2.82-83 F 164. (MIRA 17:12)

1. Ussuriyskoye proisvodstvennoye upravleniye, Primorskiy kray.

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TITIE:

Asymptotic Solution of the Problem of Deformation of a Plane Electromagnetic Wave on an Ideally Conducting Sphere (Asimptoticheskoye resheniye zadachi o difraktsii ploskoy elektromagnitnoy volny na ideal'no provodyashchey sfere)

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ABSTRACT: The accurate solution of this problem leads to a complex series which is difficult to evaluate. The problem can be solved approximately by employing an asymptotic solution based on the methods proposed by V.A. Fok. The aim of the paper is to give comparatively simple formulae which can be used for the observation angles 0 lying within an interval $0 \le \theta \ge \pi$ and formulae for angles $\theta \ge \pi$. If a rectangular co-ordinate system (x, y, z) and a spherical co-ordinate system (R, θ, ϕ) are adopted, as shown in Figure 1, and if the plane wave impinging on the sphere is given by:

$$\mathbf{E}_{\mathbf{x}}^{o} = -\mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{y}}^{o} = \mathbf{e}^{-i\mathbf{k}\mathbf{z}} \tag{1}$$

the exact solution of the diffraction problem for the

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scattered wave is:

$$\mathbf{E}_{\Theta} = \frac{e^{i\mathbf{k}\mathbf{R}}}{i\mathbf{k}\mathbf{R}} \cos \varphi \left(-\frac{\mathbf{d}^{2}\mathbf{S}_{2}}{\mathbf{d}\theta^{2}} + \frac{1}{\sin\theta} \frac{\mathbf{d}\mathbf{S}_{1}}{\mathbf{d}\theta} \right) ,$$

$$\mathbf{E}_{\varphi} = \frac{e^{i\mathbf{k}\mathbf{R}}}{i\mathbf{k}\mathbf{R}} \sin \varphi \left(\frac{1}{\sin\theta} \frac{\mathbf{d}\mathbf{S}_{2}}{\mathbf{d}\theta} - \frac{\mathbf{d}^{2}\mathbf{S}_{1}}{\mathbf{d}\theta^{2}} \right) .$$
(2)

The parameters S_1 and S_2 in Eqs (2) are expressed by Eqs (3), where ψ_n and ζ_n are spherical Bessel functions which can be determined from Eq (4), while P_n are the Legendre polynomials. For $\theta < \pi$, the parameters S_1 and S_2 can be expressed in the form of Eqs (7) or finally

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by Eqs (12). Each of the coefficients S_1 and S_2 can be expressed as a sum of two components, as shown in Eqs (14). These, in turn, can be expressed by Eqs (15) and (16). The first components of Eqs (14) can also be represented in the form of Eqs (19). Now, the diffracted field components can be determined on the basis of the geometrical optics approximation and are in the form of Eqs (20). These should be corrected by employing the first components of the coefficients S_1 and S_2 and it is shown that the corrections are expressed by Eqs (24), where w_1 and w_2 are Airy functions. The corrections can finally be expressed in the forms of Eqs (34), where the functions g and g are defined by Eqs (26) and (27). When g and g are approximate solution can be obtained by employing the vector-potential method. For the purpose of this calculation, it is assumed that the co-ordinates at the surface of the sphere are g, g, and g, while the co-ordinates/observation; point are g, g, and g.

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The field components are shown to be in the form of Eqs (40), where e_0 and e_ϕ are expressed by Eqs (41). These functions can also be represented by Eqs (48) or, finally, by Eqs (52). The above analytical formulae were employed to plot the graphs of the functions e_ϕ and e_ϕ and these are shown in Figures 4, 5, 6, 7. Curves designated by 1 are evaluated by using the accurate formulae (see Eqs (2)), curves denoted by 2 are evaluated by Eqs (52), while Curves 3 are calculated by using the geometrical-optical approximation and the corrections as defined by Eq (34). From the graphs, it is seen that, in general, the approximation formulae are sufficiently accurate. The author expresses his gratitude to L. A. Vaynshteyn for directing this work.

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There are 7 figures and 6 references, 5 of which are Soviet and 1 German.

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